

MISCELLANEOUS.

MILLINERY and DRESSMAKING.

MISS SADIE SYKES

HAS FITTED UP HANDSOME ROOMS
—In the—

Northeast Corner of the Nevada
Theater Building.

At the head of the main stairs, and is prepared
to do work and all orders in the best style.

The ladies of Reno and vicinity are respect-
fully invited to call at my rooms in the Nevada
Theater, and examine my Fall and Winter
stock of MILLINERY GOODS, ARTIFICIAL
FLOWERS, DRESS PATTERNS, ETC.
Dressmaking attended to in all its branches.
MISS SADIE SYKES.

LESSONS ON THE VIOLIN.

PROF. ZIMMER.

OF VIRGINIA CITY,

Will be in Reno every Saturday and will give
Lessons on the Violin from 8 o'clock A.
M. to 12 o'clock P. M.

THOSE LIVING IN THE COUNTRY CAN BE
ACCOMMODATED

Any communication addressed to Prof. Zim-
mer, care JOURNAL OFFICE will be promptly at-
tended to.

THE LAKE HOUSE.

THIS EXCELLENT HOTELRY IS UNDER
going a thorough renovating

New Furniture will take the Place
of the Old.

Every Attention is Paid to Guests.

THE TABLE is loaded with all the delicacies
as well as substantial. Terms reasonable.
M. O. LARK, Proprietor.

M. B. AUGUSTINE. W. O. H. MARTIN.

MARTIN & AUGUSTINE,

SUCCESSORS TO BERRY & BOYD,

Reno, Nevada,

DEALERS IN HARDWARE

Crockery, Groceries,

TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

Wines and Liquors.

TRUCKEE MARKET.

VIRGINIA STREET, RENO, NEVADA.

J. D. POLLARD - Proprietor.

The Truckee Market will be supplied at all
times with the very finest, freshest,
juiciest and best

MEATS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

The best in the land, and cheaper than
the cheapest. Give us a trial.

TOM BARNETT'S ADVERTISEMENT.

Tom Barnett's

—IS THE—

LEADING BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.

THE BEST GOODS

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Pebble Goat Button Shoes, Ladies'.....	\$2 00
Pebble Goat Button Shoes, Misses'.....	1 75
Pebble Goat Button Shoes, Tipped.....	1 50
Ladies' Kid Button Shoes.....	3 25
Misses' Kid Button Shoes.....	2 75
Children's Kid Button Shoes.....	2 00
Ladies' Pebble Goat Kace.....	2 00
Misses' Pebble Goat Lace.....	1 75
Children's Pebble Goat Lace.....	1 25

My Shoes are all from the Best Factories. My assort-
ment is complete. Boots at Equally Reduced Rates. I
also keep a fine assortment of **Furnishing Goods**
and **Hats**. If you cannot call yourself, send your
order and I will guarantee satisfaction.

TOM BARNETT, Reno, Nev.

GOEGGEL'S ADVERTISEMENT.

Under Big Stair-case, in Two-story Stone Building.

William Goeggel.

Dealer in gold and silver watches, diamonds, jewelry,
silverware, clocks and optical goods. Repairing a spec-
ialty. Best of workmanship guaranteed.

VIRGINIA ST., RENO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PALACE RESTAURANT,

COMMERCIAL ROW.....RENO, NEVADA.

We have leased both the

Palace and Arcade Restaurants

THEY WILL BE CONSOLIDATED.

They will hereafter be run as one establish-
ment on the

European Plan. Open Day and
Night.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

LEBERT & FONTAINE,
Proprietors.

SACRAMENTO AND BOCA

BEER DEPOT

In the Steele and Becker building,

COMMERCIAL ROW.....RENO, NEVADA

Beer Sold by the Case, Kegs,

Bottle or Glass.

Sandwiches Prepared with Cheese, Limberger,
Caviar Sardines, etc.

I also have several FINE FURNISHED
ROOMS TO LET by the day, week or month.
Free Lunch daily. Beer delivered free of
charge. J. J. BECKER, Proprietor

LAFAYETTE HOTEL,

RENO.....NEVADA

MRS. A. J. CLARK, Sole Manager

Opposite the O. P. and V. & T. Depots.

Having taken charge of this well known
house, no expense or pains will be spared to
make it an attractive and comfortable

HOME FOR FAMILIES

And all who may favor it with their patronage.
The house will be at once thoroughly renovat-
ed, refitted and furnished anew throughout and
made FIRST-CLASS in every department and
every effort will be put forth to make the
Lafayette equal in all respects to the best hotel
in the State. MRS. A. J. CLARK, Sole Manager.

SAMPLE ROOMS.

"NARROW GAUGE"

Virginia St., Reno.

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

Come and See! ME

MORRIS ABE.

JAMISON & SON,

DEALERS IN

BOOKS, STATIONERY, PAPERS

MAGAZINES

CIGARS, TOBACCO, YANKEE NOTIONS, &

Commercial Row, Reno, Nev.

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FARMER, MINER AND
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In the State of Nevada should have the

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NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

—PUBLISHED AT—

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CHEAPEST WEEKLY PAPER IN THE STATE

Contains FORTY Columns of Reading Matter
once a week for twelve months.

Subscription invariably in Advance.

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Weekly Nevada State Journal

—IS A—

JOURNAL FOR THE PEOPLE:

Impartial in Tone, and Essentially a Family and
Business Paper.

THE Publisher trusts it will reflect in a modest
way, and as far as its patronage will war-
rant, some of the best features of modern journa-
lism. It works for the true interests of the busy
State and Town in which it is located—seeks the
moral, intellectual and industrial welfare of its
people, and hopes to honestly inform and knowl-
edly amuse its readers.

Address all orders

C. C. POWNING,

RENO, WASHOE CO., NEV.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. H. BERGSTEIN,

(Late of the Nevada Insane Asylum)
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON and ACCOUCHEUR.
Office.—Rooms 1 and 2, Sunderland's Block,
Virginia Street, Reno.
Residence at Mr. Fassett's, Second Street,
between Sierra and West Streets.
sept21st

A. DAWSON, M. D.

OFFICE: IN SUNDERLAND'S BUILDING,
Rooms 2 and 4
Residence on West Street between Commercial
Row and Second Street. my14st

F. R. WAGGONER, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Residence and Office—North side of C. P.
railroad track opposite Depot Hotel. ap3-4st

WILLIAM GAIN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
RENO, NEVADA.
OFFICE—Up Stairs in Odd Fellows' Building.

S. BISHOP,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
RENO, NEVADA.
OFFICE—At residence on south side of the
Truckee River. nov3

W. BERGMAN,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Reno, Washoe Co., Nev.
OFFICE—Second street, next door to JOURNAL
Building.

BENEVOLENT SOCIETIES.

Reno Chapter No. 7, R. A. M.

THE STATED CONVOCACTIONS OF RENO
Chapter No. 7, of R. A. M., are held at Ma-
sonic Hall on the evening of the first Thursday
of each month, commencing at 8 o'clock sharp.
All sojourning companions in good standing
are fraternally invited to attend. By order of
the E. H. P.
june1st

W. L. BECHTEL, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.

TRUCKEE LODGE, No. 14
Independent Order of Odd Fellows
meet at their Hall, east side of Vir-
ginia street, Reno, every Wednesday
evening, at 7 o'clock. A punctual attendance of
members is requested. All visiting members
in good standing are cordially invited to attend.
H. P. NELLIGAN, N. G.
F. G. UPDEKE, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.

RENO LODGE NO. 19, IN-
dependent Order of Odd Fellows
meet at Odd Fellows' Hall, over
the Congregational Church, every
Thursday evening. A punctual attendance is
members' duty. Visiting members
in good standing are cordially invited to attend.
JOHN F. DEVOY, N. G.
W. L. BECHTEL, Secretary.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Or. Reno, Nevada.

CAPITAL PAID UP.....\$75,000

Surplus \$20,000.

A. BENDER President

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Directors:

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A. LINDLEY & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS

Hardware,

Tinware, Crockery,

Agricultural Implements,

WINES and LIQUORS

OF ALL KINDS. 31st

ANNUAL MEETING.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE
regular annual meeting of the stockhold-
ers of the South Side Irrigating Canal Company,
a corporation, will be held at the office of the
Company, Recorder's Office, Court House,
Reno, Nevada, on Saturday, the first day of De-
cember, 1883, at 2 o'clock P. M. of that day, for
the purpose of electing a Board of Trustees for
the ensuing year, and for the transaction of
any other business which may properly come
before said meeting.

JOHN B. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

Reno, Nev., Nov. 9, 1883.

McFERRY & CO.
ILLUSTRATED
SEED
MANUAL
FOR 1883.
Will be mailed free to all applicants, and to our
customers without ordering it. It contains
about 175 pages, 600 illustrations, prices, accurate
descriptions and valuable directions for planting
1200 varieties of Vegetable and Flower Seeds.
Plants, Fruit Trees, etc. Invaluable to all, espe-
cially to Market Gardeners. Send for it!
McFERRY & CO. DETROIT MICH.

50 CTS. A WEEK.

All classes of legitimate advertisements
not exceeding six lines inserted in this column
for 50 Cents per week

Rooms to Let.

Four nicely furnished rooms to let, exactly
suitable for housekeeping purposes. Enquire
of [nv24st] B. E. HUNTER

For Sale.

For sale at a bargain, the "Benham house,"
on West street, between 3d and 4th streets,
north of railroad. Inquire of W. L. Knox, at
the Court House. n23-1w.

Sure Cure for Cancers

I have discovered a sure cure for Cancers,
Ulcers and Fester, in the form of a plaster,
which I guarantee will cure the worst kind.
No extra pain with its use. No cure no pay.
MRS. SALVADORE LAORMASINO,
821-Oct6th,
Near Steamboat Springs, Nev.

At Leadbetter's,

On Commercial Row, is the place to buy pro-
duce, fruit and vegetables, full stocks of
which, in their season, are kept constantly on
hand. Orders filled at lowest rates. m22

Land for Sale.

Seventy acres of fine land on the Truckee
Meadows, near Glendale, fenced and well
watered, are offered for sale for \$2,500. For
particulars enquire of H. M. Frost or at this
office. jy31st

Night Watchman.

George W. Mershen, the regular and fully
empowered Night Watchman of Reno, is pre-
pared to watch business houses and private
residences, etc., and wake parties in the morn-
ing. Best of patronage may be seen from the
JOURNAL of Dec. 3d, 1882. dec3st

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE
undersigned Assignee of the estate of M.
RAPHAEL, insolvent, in the matter of M.
RAPHAEL vs His Creditors, under and pursuant
to the order of the District Court of the 7th
Judicial District, of the State of Nevada, in
and for Washoe county, made and entered in
said matter on the 5th day of November, A. D.
1883, will sell at public auction to the highest
bidder for cash at the Central Pacific freight
warehouse or depot, in Wadsworth, Nevada, on
Wednesday, the 25th Day of No-
vember, 1883.

At 10 o'clock A. M., all of the stock in trade of
the merchandising business lately conducted
at said Wadsworth by said M. Raphael, consist-
ing of groceries, provisions, shelf goods, sta-
tionery, hardware, tinware, clothing, boots,
shoes, hats and underwear, crockery, wines,
liquors, patent medicines, tobacco, panel
doors and window sash, grocer's scales, one
small iron safe, two small show cases, two
freight wagons, one light spring wagon and
two horses.

And at same time, at said Wadsworth, upon
each piece of land, respectively, upon the same
terms and conditions, will sell the following
pieces of land in Wadsworth, Nevada, to-wit:
Lot 2, Block H.
Lot 10, Block H.
Lot 12, Block H.
Lot 13, Block H.
Lot 18, Block J.
Lot 1, Block K.
Lot 3, Block K.
North half Lot 11, Block I.
Houses and lot northeast from H. Smith's and
near Pope's house.

And at Downeyville, Nye county, State of
Nevada, on

Tuesday, the fourth day of Decem-
ber, 1883.

at the room or store lately occupied by said M.
Raphael as a general merchandise store, will
sell at public auction to the highest bidder for
cash, all of the stock in trade of the merchan-
dising business lately conducted at said Downey-
ville by said M. Raphael, consisting of
groceries, provisions, shelf goods, hardware,
tinware, stationery, clothing, boots, shoes,
hats and underwear, crockery, wines, liquors,
patent medicines, tobacco, panel doors and
window sash, window glass, etc., and at the
boarding house in said Downeyville, lately
kept by said Raphael, all the table ware, table-
range and kitchen utensils and furniture used
therein.

And at the same time, at said Downeyville, upon
each piece of land following respectively upon
the same terms and conditions, will sell at
public auction the following pieces of land
and buildings thereon, in said Downeyville,
to-wit: Store building lately occupied by M.
Raphael and the land occupied by the same,
and boarding house building, lately kept by
M. Raphael, and the land occupied with same.

All the foregoing property being of the prop-
erty of the estate of said M. Raphael, insolvent

If all said property is not disposed of upon
the day fixed by this notice, the sale will be
continued from day to day thereafter until
fully sold.

THOS. BARNETT,

Assignee of Estate of M. Raphael, insolvent.

Reno, Nevada, Nov. 6, 1883.

J. F. CONDON J. A. McINTOSH.

RENO LUMBER CO.,

CONDON & McINTOSH,

—DEALERS IN—

ALL KINDS OF BUILDING MATERIAL

Mining Timbers, Fencing, Etc.

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Turnings, Red
wood and Pine Shingles, Redwood Rustic
and Surfaced constantly on hand.

Also Dealers in Lime, Plaster and Cement.

Prices as Low as the Lowest.

Satisfaction guaranteed in every particular.
Office on Plaza St., below Lake, Reno.

RENO AND FT. BIDWELL STAGE

Carrying the U. S. Mail.

EAQAR & CO., - Proprietors.

THIS IS THE ROUTE FOR PYRAMID,
Round Hills, Buffalo Salt Works, Buffalo
Meadows, Duck Flat, Eagleville, Cedarville
and Lake City.

Connects at Cedarville with stages for
Alturas, and at Alturas with stages for Lake-
view, Oregon, and at Lakeview with stages for
Chevaucaun, Silver Lake, Summer Lake, Abbot's
Lake, Prineville, and the Dalles, also with
stages for Drew's Valley, Linkville, Sprague
River and Ashland.

Particular attention paid to express packages
on the regular line and to Alturas.

Stages leave Reno daily (Sundays excepted)
at 7 A. M. Schedule time each way 36 hours.

T. E. HARRIS,
Agent, Reno.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. SPINNEY

NO. 11 KEARNEY ST.

Treats All Chronic and Special

Diseases.

YOUNG MEN.

WHO may be suffering from the effect of
youthful follies or indiscretions, will do
well to avail themselves of this, the greatest
boon ever laid at the altar of suffering human-
ity. Dr. Spinney will guarantee to forfeit
\$500 for every case of Seminal Weakness or pri-
vate disease of any kind or character which he
undertakes and fails to cure.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

There are many at the age of thirty to sixty
who are troubled with too frequent evacuations
of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight
smarting or burning sensation, and a constant
tingling in the urethra, in a manner the patient can-
not account for. On examining the urinary
deposits aropy sediment will often be found,
and sometimes small particles of albumen will
appear, the color will be a thin milky hue,
again changing to a dark and torpid appear-
ance. There are many men who die of this
difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the
second stage of seminal weakness. Dr. S. will
guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and
a healthy

POLITICS IN EUREKA.

The Eureka Democrats do not propose to allow a Republican to have an office in that county. At the last meeting of the Board of Commissioners a petition, signed by Joseph Winzell, Thomas Haley, J. B. Singleton, S. S. Sloss, A. Jackson, P. McElroy, P. N. Hansen, R. Sadler, J. G. Ford, M. B. Bartlett and Luther Clark, was presented, asking for the rescindment of the resolution passed by the Board Nov. 6, installing Dr. Thoma as County Physician Dec. 1. The prayer of the petitioners was granted. The Sentinel says:

From the discussion which took place at the meeting of the Board last Monday, when the petition was presented, it is made clear that the action of the Board is not taken on account of any dissatisfaction with Dr. Thoma, who is in every way a first-class gentleman in his profession. The argument used was, the Board of Commissioners is Democratic, and ought to give the preference to Democrats, other things being equal, on the Jacksonian principle in politics that "to the victors belong the spoils."

The Ohio Senatorship.

The Columbus correspondent of the New York Times gives an account of an informal meeting of journalists and politicians to canvass the claims of rival aspirants to the Senatorial seat, which Mr. Pendleton will vacate one year from next March. The three most prominent names mentioned were Payne, Pendleton and Durbin Ward. Mr. Thurman's name is not mentioned in the proceedings. Congressman Converse is the dark horse of the canvass, with Congressman Geddes in still deeper obscurity. Mr. Payne is admitted to have the strongest support. It is not known that he has performed any service that warrants his aspiration to the highest office in the gift of the State, but he has behind him the Standard Oil Company and the various railroads which have the patronage of that Company. The Cincinnati Enquirer's hostility to Pendleton has taken that journal into the ranks of Mr. Payne's supporters. A gentleman present at the meeting was asked what would be the result of Mr. Payne's election to the Senate, and made the following reply:

Good-by to Democratic success next year. It would lose us the Presidency in 1884, and Ohio for many years to come. I am not a particular admirer of Mr. Pendleton, and prefer to see some one else nominated, but the election of Mr. Payne to the Senate would disarm the Democratic party. We have made war against monopoly and centralized power. What could we say if Ohio sends a representative of the greatest monopoly in the country to the United States Senate? We would be completely on the defensive, and the recovery from such an error would be slow indeed.

Effect of Tariff Restriction.

The New York Commercial Bulletin says: Perhaps no branch of domestic industry suffers so much from the inflation of prices due to a high tariff as the mining of metals, yet no branch has such magnificent inherent possibilities of expansion. The restriction of mining has been the consequence of the policy which has aimed to limit the miners market to the United States. Our whole export of commercial ores and minerals for the year amounts to the petty sum of \$155,000. What it might be may be inferred from what Great Britain alone imported in 1882, of ores raw and partly reduced, amounting to over \$50,000,000. The discoveries of vast deposits of copper in the Western States and Territories show we could easily meet the world's demands for that metal, yet we can only export \$99,000 worth, while even Australia is sending England \$300,000 worth of metal, with 1,100 miles more of transportation than from the United States, and the Cape of Good Hope sends \$2,000,000, and even British North America \$500,000.

George Washington, the first President of the United States, never saw a steamboat. John Adams, the second President of the United States, never saw a railroad. Andrew Jackson, the seventh President, knew nothing about the telegraph. Abraham Lincoln, the sixteenth President, never dreamed of such a thing as the telephone.

The President has pardoned Sergeant Mason, who attempted to shoot Guitau.

United States Senators should be elected by a direct vote of the people.

ARTHUR IN THE FIELD.
He Wants to Succeed Himself—Other Candidates.

A Washington dispatch says: There have been assertions and denials without number made in regard to President Arthur's supposed desire to succeed himself in the Presidential chair. It is no longer a secret, and his most intimate friends admit that while he is in no sense an applicant for the honor, he will not decline a nomination. So far no very large Republican has been willing to step in the ring and contest the nomination with him. Blaine has been away from the city for some time, but has been telegraphed for and will be here next week, when his friends will talk the matter over with him. He, too, has stated that he was not a candidate; that his two efforts to get the nomination were all that he wanted in that direction. His friends now are confident that he will allow the use of his name as against Arthur.

Under the circumstances several Republicans who were prominent as candidates seem to have given up all hope. Edmunds was the first to draw out, and Windom followed when he found he was beaten for the Senate. The booms for Logan and Harrison died out on their account and the Gresham boom was never weighty enough for respectable consideration. That cleared up the list Arthur and Blaine are left, and there are many well up in the political affairs of the country who regard the race for the nomination as between them. The President's New York friends are losing no opportunity now to impress others with the belief that he will accept a renomination if tendered to him.

PUNISHING POLYGAMY.
The Government Should Not Furnish Lands to its Enemies.

The suggestions made by Governor Crosby, of Minnesota, to the effect that Mormon polygamists should not only be disfranchised, but be debarred from entering homestead or pre-emption claims upon public lands, strikes at a number of Chicago journals as the first practical suggestion likely to solve the problem.

The Inter Ocean says: The choicest lands in Utah, Arizona and Idaho have already been entered by the Mormon Church, and it has begun to spread itself into Montana, Wyoming and New Mexico. In all of these territories the public lands are worthless except where they can be irrigated or used for pasture, and then only to those who have control of the water. The Church has had its agents making a careful survey of the country lying between the British boundary of Idaho and the Mexican border, and they have selected all of the favorable locations for farms and cattle ranches. After speaking of the Church authorities in placing their emigrants on the public lands, the article concludes: "The way to stop this is to debar from the privilege of pre-emption and homestead acts men who believe in the supremacy of the Mormon Church over the United States Government. As it is now the laws simply permit the Mormon monarchy to strengthen itself. They afford the means of augmenting power and giving lands to the United States to its enemies."

The Daily News on the same subject comments as follows: It goes without saying that under the present namby-pamby policy of the government in dealing with polygamy, the evil has increased and grown stronger with each futile effort to restrain it. It has, from a handful of people, driven a few years ago by a few determined men from Nauvoo in this State, become a menace to the government itself, simply from the temporizing policy that has been adopted in dealing with it. Governor Crosby's suggestion is a good one, for there is no reason why the government should furnish lands for homes to its most malignant enemies.

The Texas Pacific Land Grant.

Secretary Teller says he has decided nothing whatever in regard to the land grant of the Texas Pacific railway company and the rights of the Southern Pacific thereunder. He has not referred and does not propose to refer the matter to Congress, but will decide the case in the regular course of business.

An Attorney Rotten-Egged.

W. M. Nielson, attorney for Miss Hill, claiming to be Senator Sharon's wife, was rotten-egged Sunday while attempting to deliver a lecture from the steps of the new City Hall, on what he knew about men and things in San Francisco.

A new quartz crusher, called the "Dyer Cannon Ball Quartz Crusher," is meeting with much favor among mill men at Grass Valley, Cal.

TRADE DOLLARS.
Mint Director Burchard Thinks they Should be Redeemed.

Horatio C. Burchard, Director of the United States Mint, discourses very freely in a Chicago published interview of the future of the trade dollar. He said he should recommend to Congress the repeal of the act authorizing its coinage. Directly after the demonetization of the trade dollar in 1876, there were about two millions of them in the country, representing an excess of coinage over exportation. Now there are probably from five to seven millions, mostly held in the manufacturing regions of Pennsylvania and the surrounding country, and in New York City. They generally find their way to the pockets of the workmen and sometimes from them to retail dealers. Undoubtedly many are secured by speculators, who perhaps sell them at a discount or hold them in the hopes of increased value, but details aside, doubtless many of them are held by those who can ill afford to suffer from their depreciation, and though the United States is under no legal liability, it would be but just to permit the coins to be sent to the mints and exchanged for other silver coins. This would be something of a sacrifice on the part of the government, for though each trade dollar could be recoined into about eleven dimes, which is equivalent to a discount of seven or eight per cent, the government gets a discount of five per cent, on the bullion. The intrinsic value of the trade dollar is \$5.5. Speculators get them at perhaps twenty per cent. discount. Considering the fluctuations of the bullion market, they would thus net \$60 to \$75 on every \$1,000. But however much the speculator might profit by such a course, the poor man would be aided more. Congress has delayed action so long for two reasons—first, they fear playing into the hands of speculators by authorizing an exchange of trade dollars for their bullion value in the shape of other coins, and second they fear an influx of those dollars from abroad. The latter fear is groundless, for I am well assured that the great bulk of exported trade dollars has been melted down by manufacturers. Mr. Burchard said he should also recommend an act to discontinue the coinage of three-cent pieces and of gold dollars. The latter are used by only numismatists for relics, and jewelers for ornamentation. Both are too small for use. Should their coinage be discontinued, there would be ample material in the vaults for the coinage of as much subsidiary coin as the people could possibly need.

NO DANGER.
(Tuscarora Times-Review.)

The Reno Journal copies an article which recently appeared in this paper, suggesting a radical reform in the judiciary system in Nevada, and says:

"If the Times Review could guarantee that a Constitutional Convention would adopt this plan, a large number of persons who now oppose a convention might change their views. But the convention might take the same view of the plan as the Assembly did."

The Assembly endorsed in the main the system as embodied in the Senate constitutional amendment, and had it come before that body in its original shape it would have passed by a large majority. The tinkering in committee, however, necessitated a Committee of Conference, and the delays and complications which resulted finally defeated the entire measure. This was the fate of all of the amendments of any real importance which were proposed in either house, and the experience of last Winter ought to convince every sensible and observing person of the impracticability of the proposition to remedy the defects in our present Constitution by Legislative amendments. Had the sixty Senators and Assemblymen been members of one body there would have been no difficulty in adopting this and several other wholesome amendments which would have obviated the necessity of a Constitutional Convention. The hitch in nearly every instance was upon some trifling matter which did not affect the general merits of the amendment. Each one was killed, not because of actual opposition to its provisions, but through the complications arising from frivolous differences in the two branches of the Legislature. There would be no danger of such results in a convention which would have no co-ordinate body to clog its actions.

The growth of Texas stands as a miracle. The increase in her taxable property last year was \$130,000,000, or nearly half the entire taxable property in Georgia. Last year 68 new counties were organized, giving 200 counties in all, besides there is a territory not yet carved into counties twice as large as the State of Georgia. In extent, as in resources, Texas is a superb empire.

PENNSYLVANIA REPUBLICANS.
An Effort is to be Made to Unite the Stalwart and Anti-Stalwart Factions.

A Washington correspondent telegraphs a political movement in Pennsylvania, which may be of importance outside of that State. It has been brought to public attention here that representatives of the Stalwart and Independent Republican factions of that State have called upon the President for consultation. If they told him what they had told outsiders, he was informed of this—that the Republicans of Pennsylvania are determined to be united in the next National Convention, and that the Stalwart faction, now represented by Mr. Quayle, who claims to have the support of Senator Don Cameron in his recommendation, proposes to support Arthur for the Presidential nomination, and the anti-Stalwart faction, represented by Mr. Stewart and Lee, proposes to support Blaine. The representatives of the faction intend that their contest shall be entirely friendly, and that their understanding is that the friends of whichever of these two candidates is defeated will cordially support the other candidate at the National Convention. They desire that the choice of Pennsylvania shall be limited to two names—Arthur and Blaine—and that whichever of the two candidates shall be successful, if either are candidates, he will receive the hearty and united support of the entire delegation. These gentlemen, who are at the head of a considerable delegation here, say that the Pennsylvania Republicans are tired of wrangles, and that they are confident the State can be carried by either of the two candidates named. To a suggestion that Mr. Blaine was not understood to be a candidate, his friends in the delegation say that whether he is a candidate or not, if he should be nominated, he would not decline.

CHINA PREPARED FOR WAR.
Her Army, Navy, Arsenal, Needle Guns and Cannon.

A. Crossman, a merchant well known in Chicago and a gentleman of discernment, just returned from China, speaks thus of her chances in war with France: "China is far better equipped to go to war than Europeans or Americans generally think. I don't know the number of troops in the Chinese regular army, but I have no doubt that at a necessity she could, on very short notice, raise from 500,000 to 1,000,000 well-drilled and finely-equipped men in the field. The standing army of China is drilled on the European plan by European instructors. There are eighteen Viceroy's in China, and each Viceroy has an army of his own, which would be at the command of the General Government in case of war. These Viceroy's troops are more than militia—they are regulars. China has for years been supplying herself with improved arms. She has purchased through German merchants doing business in her towns all the needle-guns which Prussia used when she went to war with Austria, in 1866. She has fully 200,000 of these, besides a number of Schneider rifles, and also some Remington rifles. I have no doubt that China could easily arm 500,000 men with these improved arms. China has also purchased, through European houses, a number of Krupp and Armstrong cannon. The Chinese navy is of formidable strength. It includes about one dozen men-of-war, of the latest armament and power, one dozen corvettes and another dozen of revenue cruisers. Each of the latter carries three heavy guns. Some of these vessels were constructed in England and some in Germany. All the war vessels have English engineers, and some of them are officered by Englishmen. The Chinese are making modern cannon themselves now. They have foundries near Shanghai, where they are casting steel cannon. These are made exactly as Europeans make them. Apparently there are large arsenals in different parts of China, where arms and vast quantities of ammunition and other materials of war are stored. Certain it is, that the bulk of artillery belonging to the Government is in fine condition."

General Rosecrans has set on foot a scheme to organize the Democratic voters of the country in small groups and grand armies with chiefs with each division, and collect 20 cents a year from every voter, giving the campaign committee an annual income of \$500,000.

GOOD FOR US ALL.—The news that Senator John P. Jones has leased the old upper workings of the Con. Virginia and California mines is hailed with delight by all in Western Nevada. This will certainly increase the prosperity of Storey county, will keep the mills on the river going, and so will help Carson.—Tribune.

The economical side of a woman's character shines with radiance when she succeeds in fastening an eighteen-inch belt on a twenty-two inch waist.

SPENCER'S STORY.
He Claims That He Was Not to be Called as a Witness.

Ex-Senator G. E. Spencer, formerly from Alabama, now engaged in mining in Nevada, passed through Chicago Saturday, en route to Washington, in charge of the United States Marshal. The arrest of the ex-Senator is for contempt of Court in failing to respond to a subpoena to appear at the star-route trial. Spencer was originally engaged in star-route investigations when James was Postmaster-General. When the cases were called for trial he went to Europe to avoid testifying. In an interview to day, when asked why he failed to testify, Spencer said he was the first man to suggest the star-route investigations, and when they were begun he gave the Postmaster-General and the Government the benefit of what he knew about them. He claims he did this without recompense, and claims further that he had an express understanding with President Garfield and Postmaster-General James that he should not be known in the matter or be made a witness for the prosecution. When he got his evidence in shape he declares he went to his home in Nevada, expecting that was to end the matter.

"Under what circumstances were you arrested?" he was asked.

"In July, 1882, the Attorney-General sent papers to Nevada for my arrest and I was not there. The United States Marshal, to whom the document was sent, put it in a pigeon-hole and there it lay until a week ago, when he wrote to Washington, asking what he should do with it and the reply was a 'hifalutin' telegram, signed Brewster, Attorney-General, ordering him to arrest and bring me to Washington forthwith, and here I am."

Spencer said he had retained ex-Secretary Boutwell to defend him and that he could prove by ex-Postmaster-General James the compact with President Garfield.

Nevada Lands.

A writer on the San Francisco Alta says that Nevada sagebrush lands are good for cattle grazing, but they must be controlled in large tracts to make it profitable. Says he:

It is valuable for cattle raising in large tracts, and the object sought in this item is to show how inadequate the present laws of the United States are to the wants of the cattle men. Within the railroad grant the odd numbered sections can be acquired by purchase, but the even sections can only be acquired by pre-emption and settlement upon the land. Under the pre-emption and homestead laws, the head of a family could acquire 320 acres of land, which would afford him a burial place, together with the family when they have starved upon the land, as they certainly would. While we know it is unpopular to advocate private ownership in land in large bodies, we hold it is much more in the interest of the people that the land of Nevada should be owned by the Government. If Congress would authorize the sale of all the even sections within the railroad grant, or authorize the railroad company to abandon the grant on one side of its track, and receive the even numbered sections on the other side in lieu thereof, thus giving the company a compact body of land on one side for twenty miles, title could be obtained, and ranges improved, and taxable property created. In a timberless territory, with scarcity of water and an arid soil, nothing can be more absurd than the cry of land monopoly. In California and Oregon an hundred and sixty acres of land in some localities are more valuable than 100,000 acres of the desert lands of Nevada. And when value is considered, the owner of the former is a greater monopolist than the owner of the latter.

Free Trade Resolutions.

The New York Free Trade meeting adopted the following resolutions:

Resolved, That in view of the enormous surplus revenue of the Federal Government, of the great temptation which it offers to extravagance and corruption, and of the oppressive means by which this revenue is raised, obstructing commerce, hindering national development, manufactures, and taxing the poor out of proportion to the relief, this meeting of the citizens of New York respectfully urges upon Congress at its approaching session prompt and decisive action for the revision of the present system of national taxation. We believe that instead of abolishing the internal revenue taxes upon whiskey and tobacco, the true remedy is to be found in the reduction of the present ill adjusted and oppressive tariff, so as to relieve manufacturers from the burden of taxation upon their raw material, encourage American commerce by free ships, increase the demand for American labor by opening new markets for our products, and improve the condition of the poor, not only by the increased wages sure to follow this increased demand for labor, but also by a large reduction of the taxes now levied on their food and clothing and upon materials used in building their homes.

"Whar yer goin' wid dat man?" asked a negro of his daughter. "He ain't fitten ter comp'ny yer." "Gwine to de show," the girl replied. "Dat's all right. Thought yer were goin' to church." "A man kin go wid mos' any man ter a show, but she's got ter be mighty particular who goes to church wid her."

ALASKA.
The Territory to Be Formed Into a Judicial District.

Professor Elliot, of the Smithsonian Institute, has returned to Washington from Ohio, where he spent the Summer. He had an interview with Senator Harrison, Chairman of the Committee on Territories, Saturday, in regard to his bill providing a form of government for Alaska. He says that Harrison told him the bill introduced last session to make Alaska a judicial district, would be reintroduced the first day of the coming session and that its early consideration could be depended upon. Elliot says there are not people enough in Alaska to organize a regular Territory, and that he has received a number of letters from there appealing for some form of government. He says that the indications are that a bill forming Alaska into a judicial district will be passed inside of sixty days after the meeting of Congress.

HUMOROUS.

"A little nonsense now and then is relished by the best of men."
"Mamma," asked a little Episcopalian, "if the big catechism is a catechism, ain't the smaller catechism a kitchinism?"

"Walk slower, papa," cried the little girl whose steps were no match for the strides of her masculine progenitor, "can't you go nice and slow, like a policeman?"—Lowell Citizen.

"My dear," said an affectionate husband, "I'm surprised that you will consent to the degradation of wearing another woman's hair on your head." "Is that any worse than wearing another sheep's wool on your back?" retorted the equally affectionate wife.

A big Yankee from Maine, on paying his bill in a London restaurant, was told that the sum put down didn't include the waiter. "Wal," he roared, "I didn't eat any waiter, did I?" He looked as if he could, though; and there was no further discussion.

A Card.

William Fininger tenders his best thanks to his numerous friends, and the public generally, for the very liberal support accorded him in the past, and he begs to inform them that he has again effected a co-partnership with R. E. Queen, at the old stand, and respectfully invites a continuance of their patronage. The new firm have added largely to their stock of drugs, chemicals, patent medicines, wines and liquors for medicinal purposes; toilet and fancy articles, etc. In the dispensing departments they make a specialty of physicians' prescriptions and family receipts, bringing to their already large experience the latest achievements in scientific pharmacy, and are prompt in filling all orders intrusted to them.

PINKETON & QUEEN.

Note the address—West side of Virginia street, Reno.

Advice to Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. feb. 21-sw-lyr

A Good Investment.

My wife said I was a fool when I brought home a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic. But when it broke up my cough and cured her neuralgia and baby's dysentery she thought it a good investment.—N. Y. Tailor.

A vigorous growth of hair is promoted and the youthful color restored by applying Parker's Hair Balsam.

To Dyspeptics.

The most common signs of Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, are an oppression at the stomach, nausea, flatulency, water-brash, heart-burn, vomiting, loss of appetite, and constipation. Dyspeptic patients suffer untold miseries, bodily and mental. They should stimulate the digestion, and secure regular daily action of the bowels, by the use of moderate doses of

Ayer's Pills.

After the bowels are regulated, one of these Pills, taken each day after dinner, is usually all that is required to complete the cure. AYER'S PILLS are sugar-coated and purely vegetable—a pleasant, entirely safe, and reliable medicine for the cure of all disorders of the stomach and bowels. They are the best of all purgatives for family use.

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Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1883.

PRICE OF DAILY JOURNAL,
12 CENTS PER WEEK.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

RAILROAD TRAINS.

Trains Arrive at Reno

Overland from West.....6:30 A. M.
Overland from East.....7:40 A. M.
Express from South.....8:00 A. M.
Emigrant from West.....8:55 A. M.
Freight from West.....9:15 P. M.
Emigrant from East.....7:30 P. M.
Freight from East.....4:55 A. M.
Accommodation from South.....12 M.
Accommodation from South.....7:45 P. M.

Trains Leave Reno.

Overland going East.....7:00 A. M.
Overland going West.....8:10 A. M.
Express going South.....8:30 A. M.
Emigrant going East.....9:00 A. M.
Freight going East.....9:15 P. M.
Emigrant going West.....7:35 P. M.
Freight going West.....6:30 A. M.
Accommodation going South.....10:00 A. M.
Accommodation going South.....12:30 P. M.

* Standard time 12 minutes faster than C. P. time.

THE "JOURNAL'S" ILLUSTRATED ANNUAL FOR 1884

In accordance with its usual custom the JOURNAL will present its subscribers with a Holiday present of the JOURNAL Annual for the year 1884, with fifty illustrations on wood, chiefly by Granville Perkins, Thos. Moran, Harry Fenn, and other celebrated American artists. The Annual will also contain a calendar; and its table of contents will embrace an exceedingly interesting and varied assortment of miscellany; also choice selections of poetry; besides much practical knowledge, pertaining to the household.

IN AND OUT OF TOWN

What is Being Said and Done in a Small Way.

A. K. Lamb is again with us. Surveyor General Preble was in town Sunday.

Geo. A. King came up from the Bay yesterday.

A. J. Hatch will leave this morning for San Francisco.

The Juniors' dance Thanksgiving will be fine. Tickets only \$2.

Col. F. C. Lord was in Reno yesterday looking after revenue matters.

The little folks are looking forward anxiously for Christmas Day to arrive.

A number of young ladies of Reno, are arranging for a domino party for New Year's night.

The ice companies along the Truckee are all set for business, but thus far none of the ice ponds have frozen over.

The weather continues cold and clear. Knowing ones say there will be no storms to speak of until after the holidays.

A Committee of Junior Hose Co. were busy yesterday decorating the Theater with evergreens preparatory for the ball Thursday night.

There is a good deal of growling at what seems to be the unnecessary obstructing of the sidewalks in front of business houses.

A. M. Lamb is out of luck. In some manner unknown one of his horses had a leg broken the other day. The animal was valued at \$200.

W. A. Walker and J. C. Yates, formerly of Reno, have formed a co-partnership to carry on a commission business in San Francisco.

Mrs. Benham, the mother of Mrs. John F. Alexander, arrived in Reno Sunday morning from Washington Territory, on a visit to her daughter.

The N. & O. Railroad is doing quite a business in the way of transporting wood from the wood ranches along the line and at the terminus of the road.

The Central Pacific Railroad Company and Wells, Fargo & Co. have offered a reward of \$2,000 for each or either, or \$10,000 for the whole party that robbed the passenger train near Demming, Friday.

The delinquent tax list in Washoe county amounts to \$1,100 93, and of this \$274 25 is against E. W. Crutcher, who refuses to pay on the ground of double taxation, or rather that the property was assessed and the taxes paid in Humboldt county, which really makes the delinquent \$826 68.

Worth Trying.

Many housekeepers are often annoyed with potatoes bursting open in boiling. A Reno gentleman who has kept bachelor's hall for forty years tells how this may be easily avoided. His rule is to boil the potatoes until a fork will pierce them easily, then pour off all the water and sit the vessel back on the stove and allow the potatoes to steam until thoroughly cooked. By observing this rule, he says, the skins of the potatoes will never burst open.

INDIAN TROUBLES

Alleged Poisoning of Squaws in Mason Valley.

The Carson Tribune of last evening says: Assistant Adjutant General H. G. Parker left this morning with arms and ammunition for Mason Valley, where the Indians are assuming a very defiant and war like attitude against the whites. It appears that a number of squaws have recently died suddenly and under very suspicious circumstances and the Indians accuse the Misner family of having poisoned them. The squaws who died had been employed at Mr. Misner's ranch, but those who know the family declare that they are above suspicion. In a letter to Governor Adams, Heck Mason states that he considers the situation very serious, and thinks the Misner family in danger. Nelis Hammond, Supt. at the Walker Lake Reservation, writes that the Indians are gathering for a consultation, and that they appear to be greatly excited. He has warned the whites of Mason Valley to be on the lookout. Senator John B. Gallagher and almost every citizen of Mason Valley signed the petition to Governor Adams for the arms and ammunition. The Governor's instructions to General Parker are that he shall investigate the matter, and if he finds the circumstances require such action, he shall turn the arms over to Smith & Brannan, at Pizen Smith, to be used by the settlers, otherwise they are to be returned to the seat of government.

Not Well Taken.

E. W. Crutcher has refused to pay the tax levied against him in Washoe county, amounting to \$274 25, relying upon the decision of the Supreme Court in the White Pine case, to sustain him. In that case it was held the tax on cattle should be levied and collected in the county where the home ranch is located. In other words, the Court held that cattle wandering over the line and grazing on the public domain in an adjoining county to that in which the home ranch is situated cannot be legally taxed in such county, but that the stock really belongs to and should be taxed with the home ranch. The Crutcher case, however, appears not to be a parallel one. Crutcher owns a large amount of land in this county, and the stock assessed to him find water and principally graze upon these lands. He owns a large range in this county, on which he has a large band of stock cattle, and from which they are never moved until ready for market. It is reasonable, therefore, to say his taxes are payable here.

The Reward of Recklessness

A young man from the country, slightly under the influence of benzine, while trying to exhibit his superior horsemanship yesterday came within an ace of losing his life. He had badgered his horse until the animal became frantic and dashed down Second street at break-neck speed, and in dashing over the stone crossing at the intersection of Virginia street the horse lost his footing and landed with his rider all in a bunch in the middle of Virginia street. Both horse and rider were so badly stunned by the fall that neither could rise for some moments. The horse was taken to Hymers' stable and properly cared for and the rider to the hotel. The young man, though badly bruised, may congratulate himself on getting off with his life.

Passed Away.

Grandma Graham, mother of Mrs. C. H. Lewis and Mrs. H. Johnson, of Wadsworth, after a painful illness of several weeks, departed this life in Wadsworth last Saturday, at the age of 69 years. Mrs. Graham was one of the noblest of women, had lived a long life of usefulness and was revered by all who knew her. She leaves a noble husband, several years her senior, and a large family of children, all grown to mourn her loss. The funeral took place Sunday afternoon and was attended by the entire population of the town. Rev. Mr. Hatch, the Baptist clergyman of Reno, officiated. Deceased came to Nevada from Bedford, Iowa, where several of her sons and daughters now reside.

Dismissed and Commenced.

The famous Steamboat Canal suit has been dismissed in the U. S. Circuit Court for want of jurisdiction. This action defeats all the liens filed against the property. Immediately on the rendition of the judgment suit was instituted in the State Court against the company for \$47,000. The action was originally brought in the Circuit Court for \$100,000. The papers were issued from the District Court in Ormsby county, but the suit will probably be transferred to Washoe for trial.

\$369,000.

The jury in the Holmes-Northern-Belle case found for the plaintiff, assessing the trespass at \$360,000. The verdict was a great disappointment to the Belle folks, who relied upon a hung jury. But the Holmes Co. made out such a clear case that on the first ballot the vote stood 11 to 1.

RECOLLECTIONS OF '49.

Senator Fair Talks About Mines, Indians and Mormons.

Senator James G. Fair, of Nevada, was in Chicago the other day, and was interviewed by a reporter of the Inter Ocean. In answer to the news paper man's questions, the gentleman said:

"I first went into the mines a long, long time ago, away back in '49. I went from the States to California soon after my arrival in this country, having come from Belfast, Ireland, my native town, in 1843. Yes; I took the same old route as the rest did—overland. A party of us started out with our horses and goods, and when we reached the Mormon country we traded off our horses to the Mormons for nice, fat oxen, with which we made the rest of the trip. There were a fine lot of fellows along—pleasant, pleasant times we had—nice, sociable fellows, I can tell you. When I reached California, in the Autumn of '49, I went to work mining on the Feather river. How did we manage it? Well, you see, everything was new out there; there were no laws established, and it was a wild, wild country. The miners seemed to be honest with one another—whole-hearted chaps, they were, ready to share a dinner with a man if he needed it any time. We mined along the streams wherever fancy led us. Some of the party with whom I went out were lawyers and others had other lines of business, and when we got into mining, some of them stuck to the mines and others wandered off into their old or new lines of work. Good times, then? Yes, sir; they were."

And the great capitalist's eyes wandered off on a trip out o' doors, through the mellow Indian Summer haze, as he leaned back in his big chair and said, half to himself, as if musing over the by gone past:

"Yes, those were pleasant, pleasant days, happy days—I sometimes think the happiest days of my life. After I had been in California a long time," continued the Senator, "I went to Nevada, reaching there in 1860, and have been in both States a great deal ever since. Nevada as a State? I think Nevada has a very fine class of people, indeed. Mining and stock raising are among our leading industries. The one does not interfere with the other, for there may be mining under the very ground that is used for stock raising. Our population is made up of people from all over the country, and they form a fine lot of citizens. California and Nevada are so closely allied in interests that there is hardly any thing between the two States that separates them but laws and political matters. Indians? But little trouble from them; they are generally peaceable—that is, with some watching. Polygamy in Nevada? No, sir; I don't think it would ever be looked upon with favor in my State. It is not practiced, to my knowledge, in Nevada, though there may be some who do practice it."

Roll of Honor.

The following is the roll of honor of Bishop Whitaker's school for the month ending November 21st: Flora Northrop 98.6, Hattie Rowland 98.5; Emily Cutting 98.4; Kittle Grippen 97.9; Hattie Schooling 97.8; Agnes Rowland 97.6; Annie Crutcher 97.5; Augusta Williams 97.4; Cora Manning 97.3; Persia Bishop 97.3; Abbie Mason 97.3; Edna Collins 97.3; Emma Baker 97.3; Annie Franklin 97.1; Jennie Vosberg 97.1; Minnie Christopher 97; Josephine Peterson 97; Louise Lucas 97; Clara Schooling 96.7; Jane Williams 96.3; Gertrude Jackson 95. In the Department of Music for the same month: Katie Grippen, Cora Manning, Carrie Meily, Flora McKay, Lilla Harris, Annie Becker, Hattie Rowland, Lulu Ludlow, Rachel Fredrick, Agnes Rowland.

Still in the Bag.

The Oroville Mercury gives a long account of the arrest and conviction in that town of the notorious "Grizzly Dan," and how he is now doing unwilling duty in the chain-gang. He arrived in Oroville a week ago last Thursday, and on Friday stole a dental outfit from a doctor of the town, a gold pen from a lawyer, and a pair of boots from a lodging house, and skipped out to Marysville. He returned the next day, was arrested, convicted, and given 90 days in the county jail by the unfeeling Justice.

"SIGH NO MORE LADIES!"

for Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" is a prompt and certain remedy for the painful disorders peculiar to your sex. By all druggists.

The hair is frequently rendered prematurely gray by care, grief, delicate health, lowness of spirits, or a depressed tone of the vital powers. The use of Hall's Vegetable Siccilian Hair Renewer, will restore its youthful color, and beauty.

A Lawyer's Testimony.

During eight years my attacks of dyspepsia were so terrible that I often had to stop business. Parker's Ginger Tonic built me up from almost a skeleton to the perfect health I now enjoy. J. Jerolomon, Lawyer, N. Y. City.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength, and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. 106 Wall St., New York.

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JOHN SUNDERLAND'S ADVERTISEMENT.

JOHN SUNDERLAND.

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

BOOTS SHOES



HATS AND CAPS,

JUST RECEIVED, CONSISTING OF ALL KINDS, GRADES AND QUALITIES, BEING THE MOST EXTENSIVE AND BEST SELECTED STOCK EVER BROUGHT TO THE STATE.

—And will be sold—

At Eastern and San Francisco Prices.

JOHN SUNDERLAND.

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CARPETS!

Carpets, Carpets,

OIL CLOTHS, WINDOW SHADES,

An Immense Stock Just Received at

F. LEVY & BRO'S.

LEADING CLOTHING EMPORIUM.

HOW ABOUT WINTER CLOTHING?

THIS IS THE MONTH TO BUY AND

Nathan's Clothing Emporium

THE PLACE TO BUY.

My Fall and Winter Stock is Now In.

EVERYBODY KNOWS WHO HAS TRIED ME, AND THOSE WHO HAVE NOT SHOULD call at once and be convinced that I sell better goods for less money than any other house in town. I have the largest stock and latest styles in

Clothing and Furnishing Goods,

MEN'S, YOUTHS', BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SUITS, OVERCOATS, HATS, CAPS, BLANKETS, ETC., ETC.

I have the Largest Assortment, Greatest Variety and Lowest Prices.

M. NATHAN,

Virginia Street, Reno.

PALACE HOTEL.

THE PALACE

—IS—

Reno's Leading Hotel.

—IT HAS—

LIGHT SUNNY ROOMS RESTAURANT ATTACHED, FINE BILLIARD PARLORS

EVERY ATTENTION PAID TO QUESTS.

Polite and accommodating attendants in every department. The house is first-class throughout; is open day and night and every attention shown travelers.

PERKINS & WHITE.

TIME TABLE:

V. & T. R. R.

TIME TABLE.

TAKING EFFECT.

TUESDAY, JULY 13, 1883.

Trains From Virginia to Carson and Reno.

STATIONS.	San Francisco Express.	Local Passenger	Local Passenger
Virginia.....	Departs— 4:10 A. M.	Departs— 4:30 A. M.	Departs— 4:00 P. M.
Gold Hill.....	Departs— 4:20 A. M.	Departs— 4:40 A. M.	Departs— 4:10 P. M.
Mound House.....	Arrives— 4:40 A. M.	Arrives— 5:00 A. M.	Arrives— 4:30 P. M.
Carson.....	Arrives— 4:55 P. M.	Arrives— 5:15 P. M.	Arrives— 4:45 P. M.
Reno.....	Arrives— 5:30 A. M.	Arrives— 5:50 A. M.	Arrives— 5:00 P. M.

Trains From Reno to Carson and Virginia.

STATIONS.	San Francisco Express.	Local Passenger	Local Passenger
Reno.....	5:10 A. M.	9:00 A. M.	1:30 P. M.
Carson.....	5:25 A. M.	9:15 A. M.	1:45 P. M.
Mound House.....	5:40 A. M.	9:30 A. M.	2:00 P. M.
Gold Hill.....	5:55 A. M.	9:45 A. M.	2:15 P. M.
Virginia.....	6:10 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	2:30 P. M.

H. M. YERINGTON.

General Superintendent.

D. A. BENDER.

General Freight and Passenger Agent.

CARSON & COLORADO R. R.

TIME TABLE

TAKING EFFECT

MONDAY, JULY 2, 1883.

STATIONS.	Butte and Bishop Creek Express.	San Francisco and Virginia. Express.
Mound House...	10.20 A. M.	4.40 A. M.
Dayton.....	10.50 "	4.10 "
Clifton.....	11.35 "	3.25 "
Fert Churchkill.....	12.05 P. M.	2.55 "
Washout.....	12.10 "	2.50 "
Waubuska.....	12.40 "	2.25 "
Clayton.....	1.15 "	2.05 "
Mason.....	1.25 "	3.00 "
Rio Vista.....	1.50 "	1.75 "
Schurz.....	2.25 "	1.50 "
Gillie.....	3.10 "	12.15 "
Mawthorne.....	4.20 "	11.05 P. M.
Stansfield.....	5.30 "	10.50 "
Kinkad.....	5.10 "	10.10 "
Landing.....	5.50 "	9.25 "
New Boston.....	6.15 "	9.15 "
Soda Springs.....	6.35 "	8.55 "
Rhodes.....	7.15 "	8.15 "
Belleville.....	7.50 "	7.50 "
Janetion.....	8.50 "	7.40 "
Candelaria.....	9.10 "	6.50 "
Section 18.....	9.45 "	6.85 "
Bassett.....	9.25 "	6.15 "
Scammit.....	10.15 "	5.25 "
Queena.....	11.05 "	4.35 "
Benton.....	11.25 "	3.95 "
Section 31.....	12.30 A. M.	3.05 "
Bishop Creek.....	1.10 "	2.25 "
	1.35 "	